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## Question Paper Code: 90868

B.E./B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATIONS, NOVEMBER/DECEMBER 2022.

Sixth/Seventh Semester

Mechanical Engineering

## ME 8692 — FINITE ELEMENT ANALYSIS

(Common to : Automobile Engineering/Manufacturing Engineering/Mechanical Engineering/Mechanical Engineering (Sandwich)/Mechanical and Automation Engineering/Production Engineering)

(Regulations 2017)

Time: Three hours

Maximum: 100 marks

Answer ALL questions.

PART A —  $(10 \times 2 = 20 \text{ marks})$ 

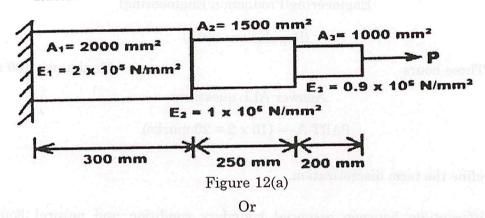
- 1. Define the term discretization.
- 2. Differentiate between essential boundary condition and natural boundary condition.
- 3. What are higher order elements?
- 4. List any two properties of shape functions.
- 5. Draw any two higher order elements used in FEM.
- 6. List any two advantages of variational formulation.
- 7. Write any two conditions for a problem to be axi-symmetric.
- 8. Differentiate between plane stress and plane strain.
- 9. What are called as serendipity elements? Give an example.
- 10. List any two advantages of using isoparametric elements in FEM.

11. (a) A cantilever beam is carrying a uniformly distributed load of "w per unit length" over the entire span of length L.

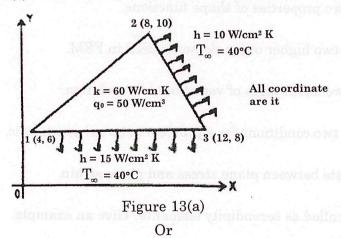
Assuming the deflection  $y(x) = C_1 \sin(\pi x/2L) + C_2 \sin(3\pi x/2L)$ , determine the constants  $C_1$  and  $C_2$  using Rayleigh-Ritz method.

Or

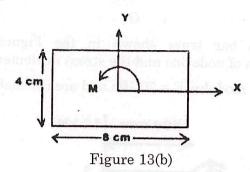
- (b) The following differential equation is available for a physical phenomenon.  $d^2y/dx^2+y=4x,\,0\leq x\leq 1$ . Boundary conditions are y(0)=0 and y(1)=1. Obtain one term approximate solution using Galerkin method of weighted residuals.
- 12. (a) A bar is subjected to an axial force  $P = 30\,$  kN as shown in figure 12(a). Determine the nodal displacement, stresses in each element and reaction forces.



- (b) Derive the shape function for 1D linear bar element using global coordinate system.
- 13. (a) Compute the element matrices and vectors for the element shown in figure 13(a) when the edges 2-3 and 1-3 experience convection heat loss.



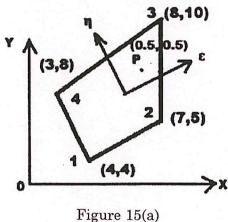
(b) The figure 13(b) below shows a shaft having rectangular cross section with 8 cm  $\times$  4 cm sides. The material has shear modulus  $90 \times 10^5$  N/mm<sup>2</sup>. Shaft length is 200 cm. The shaft is fixed at one end and subjected to torque T at the other end. Determine the total angle of twist if the applied torque is  $20 \times 10^3$  N-cm.



14. (a) The nodal coordinates for an axisymmetric triangular element are given below.  $r_1 = 15$  mm,  $z_1 = 15$  mm,  $r_2 = 25$  mm,  $z_2 = 15$  mm and  $r_3 = 35$  mm,  $z_3 = 50$  mm. Determine [B] matrix for the element.

Or

- (b) Triangular element is used for the stress analysis of a plate subjected to in-plane loads. The (x, y) coordinates of nodes i, j, and k of the element are given by (2, 3), (4, 1) and (4, 5) mm respectively. The nodal displacements are given as :  $u_1 = 2.0 \, \text{mm}$ ,  $u_2 = 0.5 \, \text{mm}$ ,  $u_3 = 3.0 \, \text{mm}$ ,  $v_1 = 1.0 \, \text{mm}$ ,  $v_2 = 0.0 \, \text{mm}$ ,  $v_3 = 0.5 \, \text{mm}$ . Examine element stress under plane stress condition. Let Young's modulus  $E = 160 \, \text{GPa}$ , Poisson's ratio = 0.25 and thickness of the element  $t = 10 \, \text{mm}$ .
- 15. (a) Evaluate the Jacobian matrix at the local coordinates  $\varepsilon = \eta = 0.5$  for the linear quadrilateral element with its global coordinates as shown in figure 15(a).



Or

(b) Evaluate the following function by applying 3 point Gaussian quadrature  $\int_{-1}^{1} e^{-x} dx.$ 

## PART C — $(1 \times 15 = 15 \text{ marks})$

16. (a) Derive the shape functions for an eight noded rectangular element using intrinsic coordinate system.

Or

(b) For the two bar truss shown in the Figure 16(b), estimate the displacements of node one and the stress in element 1-3.

Take Young's modulus E = 70GPa and area of each element A = 200 mm<sup>2</sup>.

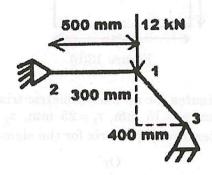


Figure 16(b)

limear conditioners element with its global coordinates as shown in

Examine element stress under

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